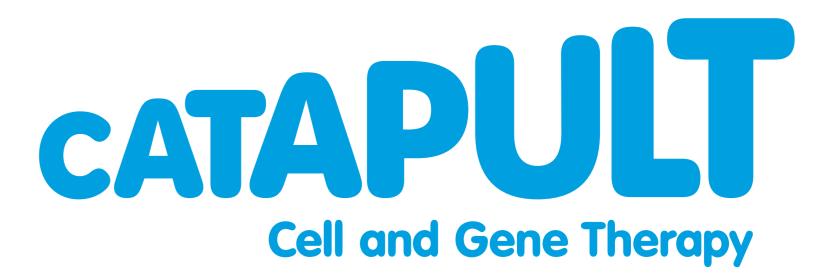
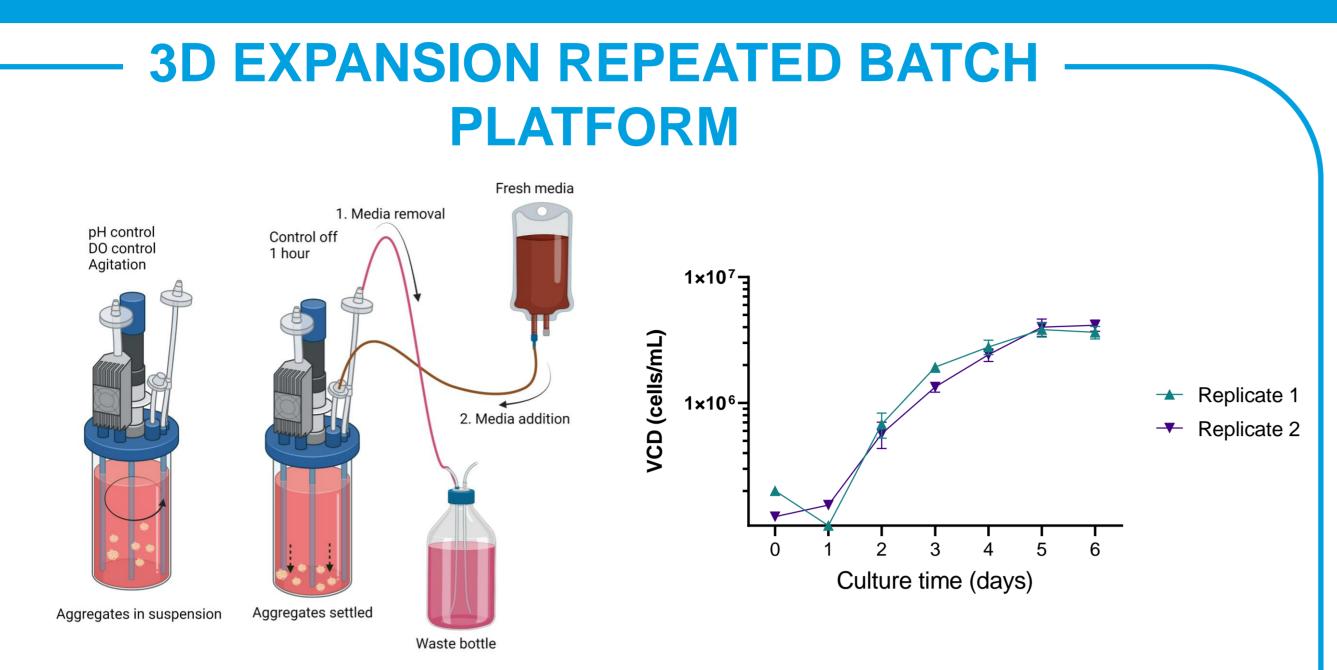
DEVELOPMENT OF AN END-TO-END CLOSED iPSC EXPANSION PROCESS USING A CELL SPECIFIC PERFUSION REGIME FOR PROCESS INTENSIFICATION

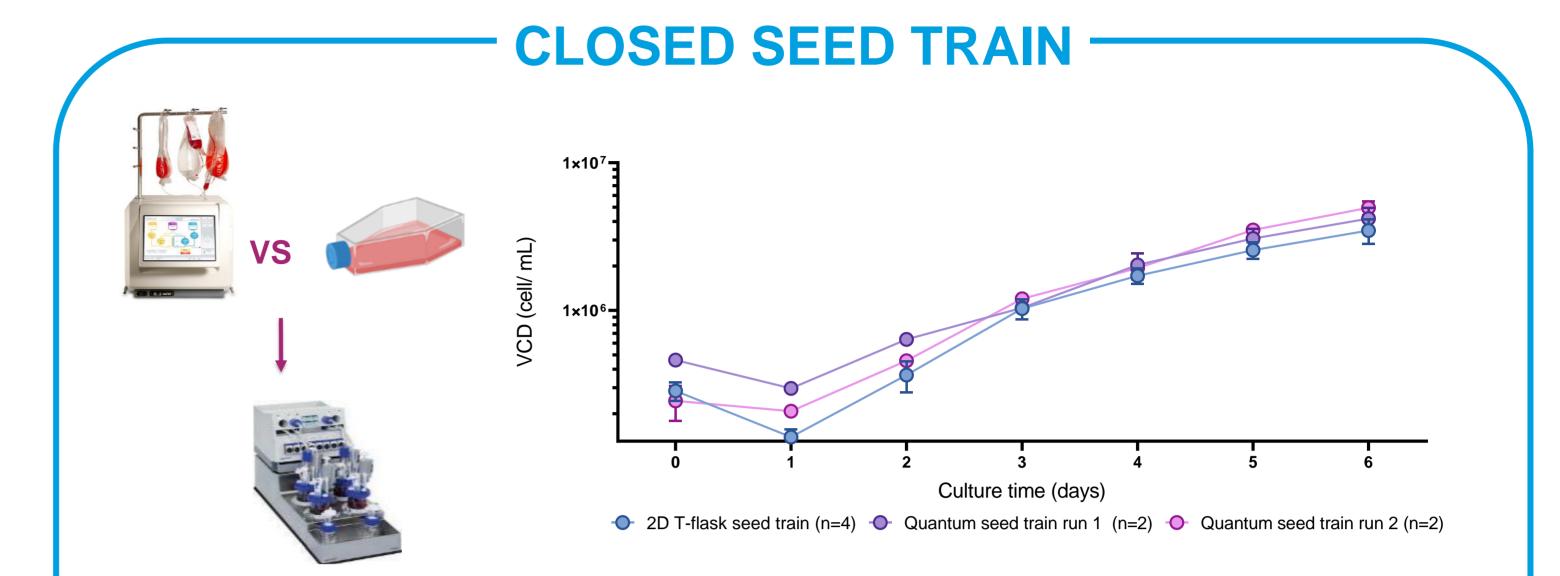


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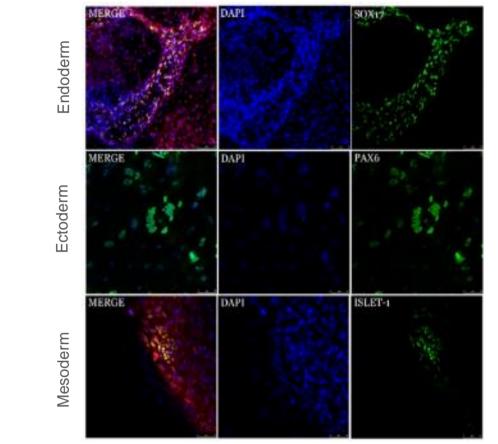
Introduction: Pluripotent stem cell (PSC)-derived therapies target large patient populations and require high cell doses making them unsuited to traditional 2D expansion. Here we present the development of a closed, scalable and automated process for the expansion of PSCs in high-density, aggregate cultures in stirred tank reactors (STR). The generation of PSCs in sufficient quantities to seed a bioreactor at scale can be closed and automated effectively using a hollow fibre bioreactor system. Resulting cells were single cell-seeded into DASbox® STR, using periodic settling to allow for automated medium exchange. However, periodic settling reduces ability to control aggregate size, a critical parameter which can impact expansion and differentiation. Therefore, an acoustic perfusion system was utilised to investigate the potential for process intensification and improved control of aggregate size, whilst maintaining pluripotency. Finally, integrated technologies were investigated for PSC concentration and wash to allow for automated passages.

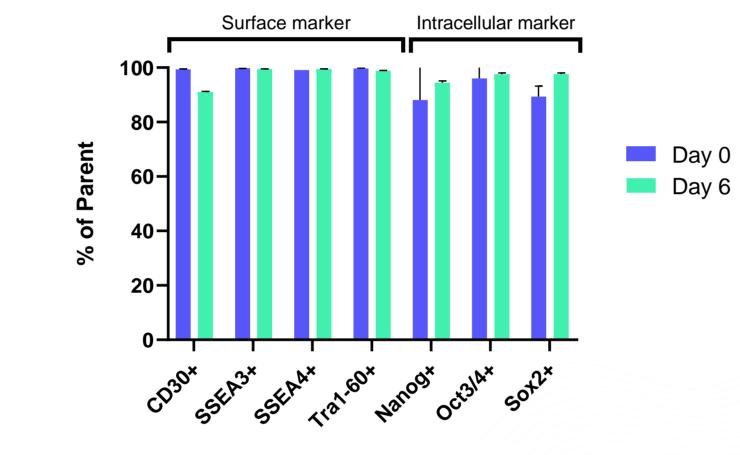






Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5 Day 6

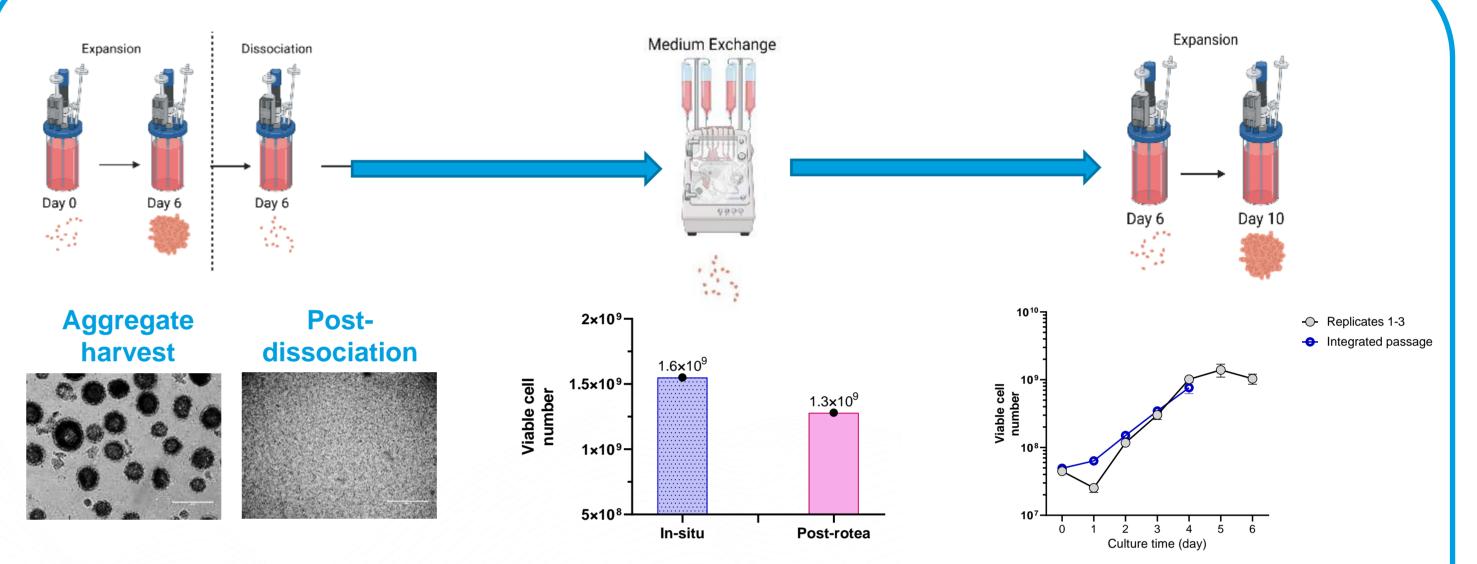




- Easily translatable platform for aggregate formation and iPSC expansion in 3D.
- Automated medium exchange, and DO/pH control.
- Larger aggregates due to settling step.
- Feeding regime supports VCD up to 5E6 cells/mL.

Reproducible process achieving **10-fold** expansion **in 6 days** with retention of pluripotency markers. **Comparable expansion** observed in 3D in DasBox using repeated batch process from traditional **2D seed train vs. Quantum** seed train.

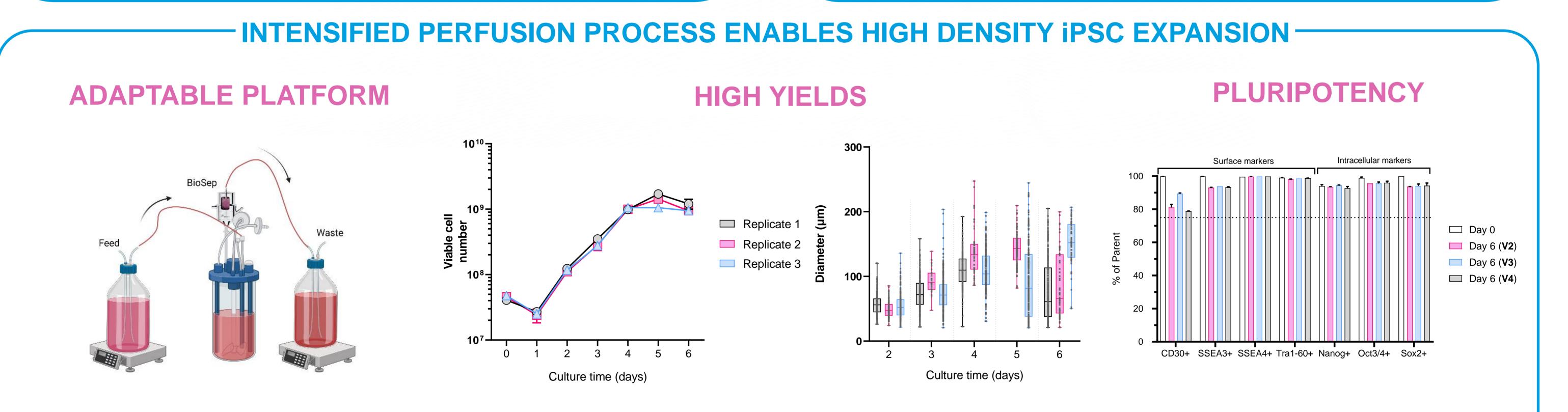
INTEGRATIVE PASSAGE CAPABILIT



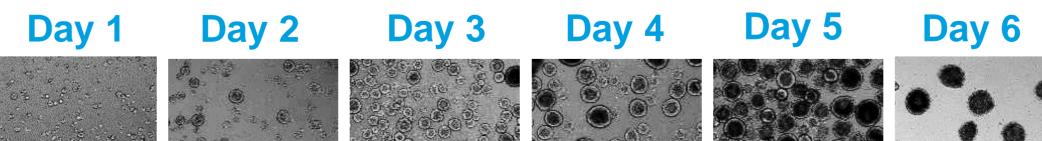
- In-house developed process for *in situ* aggregate dissociation.
- Rotea[™] for automated medium exchange with good viable cell recovery (85%).
- Following integrated passage an equivalent growth curve was observed as in initial expansion.

Maintenance of pluripotency and tri-lineage differentiation capability.

Demonstrates capability for process intensification.



- Seeded with single cell, with aggregate formation by Day 2.
- Perfusion system using BioSep® cell retention device.
- Medium addition/removal is automated.
- Fed at cell specific perfusion rate.
- Perfusion enables high density cultures with reproducible yields of >10E6 cells/ml, as well as control over aggregate diameter between 100-200 µM.



 In-house pluripotency panel demonstrates maintenance of pluripotency following 6days expansion.





Conclusions: Following a closed seed-train, the repeated batch process demonstrates a means of repeatable iPSC expansion, whilst maintaining pluripotency. Importantly, this process is easily translatable, in principle, to groups wishing to work with iPSCs. The BioSep® acoustic filtration system uses a more complex set-up to permit perfusion, allowing for further optimisation and intensification of the process, through overcoming feeding limitations and allowing for greater control over aggregate size. Results of this intensification are high yields of ~1E9 viable pluripotent iPSCs with an aggregate size between 50-200 µM. A comparable growth profile was seen post-integrated passage, which is valuable for further intensification within this platform. Future work will focus on incorporating iPSC differentiation into the process, after encouraging proof of concept data.

